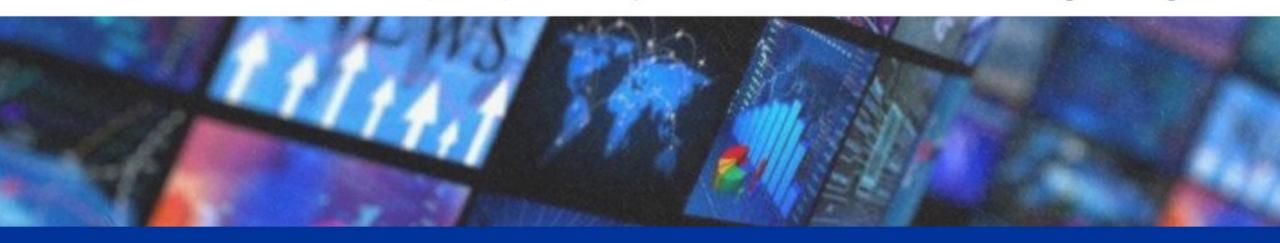


Societal Implications of Media Platformisation

Opportunities and Pitfalls for Policy and Governance in the Digital Age









On Platformization and

Europeanization

Andrea Miconi, IULM University, Milan, Italy and Daniël Biltereyst, Gent University, Belgium

1

EUMEPLAT Horizon 2020 Project

andrea.miconi@iulm.it







EUMEPLAT- European Media Platforms: Assessing Positive and Negative Externalities for European Culture Horizon 2020 Project, 2021-2024































What the Europeans talk about on social media

In each country, we selected the 720 most relevant social media contents – YouTube comments, Twitter and Facebook posts – related to the most relevant topics according to EuroBarometer [EU, health, environment, and economic crisis].

Two major findings:

- (1) The discourse about Europe is still dominated by the legacy media;
- (2) When people talk about Europe, the dimensions usually called to action are those of *institutions*, *regulation*, and *territory*; there is little space for *culture* and *value*.



Europeanization

"This also allows us to sketch a working/operational definition of Europeanization [...], which is seen here as a concept that refers to the (1) structural time-based changes (2) to the European assemblage, which (3) consists out of an entanglement of discursive and material components (4) that perform being European—or Europeanity—(5) in a diversity of ways".

[N. Carpentier, S. Cannizzaro, M. Hroch, A. Miconi, & V. Doudaki, *Bridging the Discursive and Material Dimensions of Europeanity and Europeanisation*. *A Participatory Semantic Map Approach*, 2023]

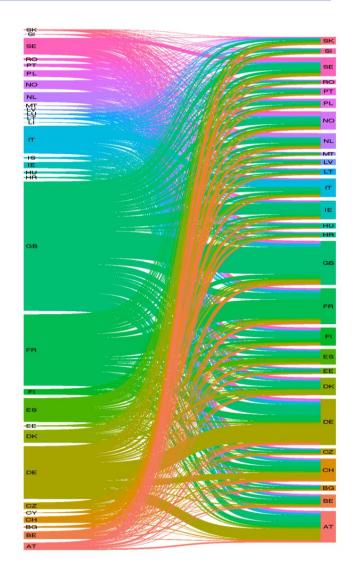




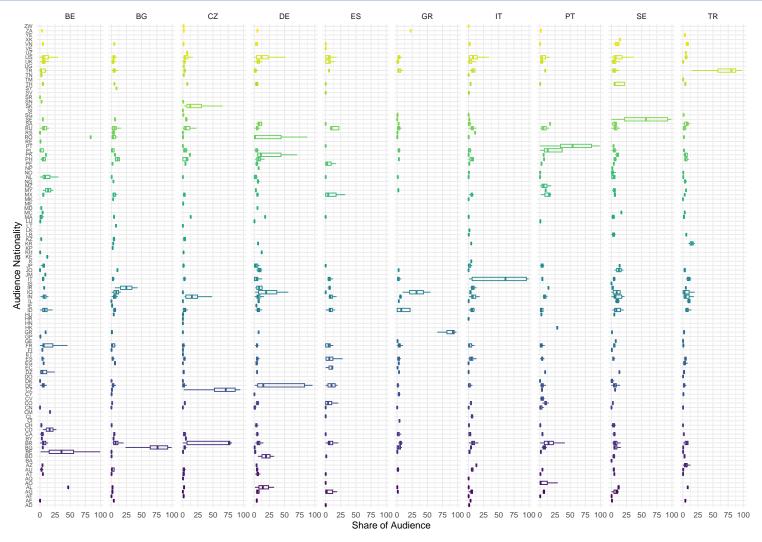


How European movies travel in European VOD

Source: Lumière Video-on-Demand database 90,510 movies, produced in 31 countries: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Cyprus, Denmark, Estonia, France, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and UK.

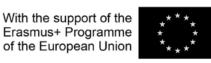


Overlappings between the audiences of the topinfluencers on YouTube, Twitter, and Instagram









• A top-down idea of Europe is still in place

- National contents are dominant even in global platforms
- American contents are still attractive to European audiences



Thank you for your attention





